Find x: $x^x = y$, where y is a natural number larger than 0. Hint: $x = e^{lnx}$, use the Lambert W Function. ¹ What is a Lambert W Function? Let

$$f(x) = xe^x$$

$$W(x) = f^{-1}(x)$$

Hence, $W(xe^x) = f^{-1}(f(x)) = x$ Solution:

$$(lnx)x = lny (1)$$

$$(lnx)e^{lnx} = lny (2)$$

$$W[(lnx)e^{lnx}] = W(lny) \tag{3}$$

$$lnx = W(lny) \tag{4}$$

$$e^{lnx} = e^{W(lny)} \tag{5}$$

$$x = e^{W(lny)} \tag{6}$$

When y=2, put this in Wolfram Alpha, type Productlog instead of W. The result would be close to 1.56

 $^{^1\}mathrm{It}$ can be used to derive Wien's displacement law. More in Astrophysics Notes!